RESOLUTION OF GRANDVIEW VILLAS CONDOMINIUMS ASSOCIATION, INC. REGARDING POLICY AND PROCEDURE FOR COVENANT AND RULE ENFORCEMENT

Effective Date: February 2, 2019

Grandview Villas Condominiums Association, Inc. hereby adopts the following policy and procedure for covenant and rule enforcement.

1. <u>Reporting Violations</u>. Complaints regarding alleged violations may be reported by an Owner or resident within the community, a group of Owners or residents, Board member(s) or committee member(s) by submission of a written complaint.

2. Complaints.

- (a) Complaints by Owners or residents shall be in writing and submitted to the Board of Directors. The complaining Owner or resident shall have observed the alleged violation and shall identify the complainant ("Complainant"), the alleged violator ("Violator"), if known, and set forth a statement describing the alleged violation, referencing the specific provisions which are alleged to have been violated, when the violation was observed and any other pertinent information. Non-written complaints or written complaints failing to include any information required by this provision may not be investigated or prosecuted at the discretion of the Association.
- (b) Complaints by a member of the Board of Directors, a committee member, or the manager, if any, may be made in writing or by any other means deemed appropriate by the Board if such violation was observed by the Director or Manager.
- 3. <u>Investigation</u>. Upon receipt of a complaint by the Association, if additional information is needed, the complaint may be returned to the Complainant or may be investigated further by a Board designated individual or committee. The Board shall have sole discretion in appointing an individual or committee to investigate the matter.
- 4. <u>Initial Warning Letter</u>. If the violation is a continuous violation, meaning one that continues and is uninterrupted by time, the letter shall advise the Violator that he or she will have 30 days from the date of the letter to come into compliance without further sanction. If the violation is not a continuing one, meaning the violation is a one-time discrete violation, such as noise violations, the letter shall contain a statement advising the Violator that any additional similar violations could result in the imposition of a fine after notice and hearing.
- 5. <u>Continued Violation After Initial Warning Letter</u>. If the alleged Violator does not come into compliance within 30 days of the warning letter or any subsequent letter, if the violation is a continuous one, such continued violation will be considered a subsequent violation. In such a

case, or if the alleged Violator subsequently violates a covenant or rule previously violated and for which the alleged Violator has received a prior violation letter, a fine letter shall then be sent to the alleged Violator, providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing, and explaining a fine may be imposed pursuant to this Policy. The letter shall further state that the alleged Violator is entitled to a hearing on the merits and shall include the date, time and place of the hearing.

- 6. <u>Notice of Hearing</u>. If a hearing is requested by the alleged Violator, the Board, committee or other person conducting such hearing as may be determined in the sole discretion of the Board, may serve a written notice of the hearing to all parties involved at least 30 days prior to the hearing date.
- 7. Impartial Decision Maker. Pursuant to Colorado law, the alleged Violator has the right to be heard before an "Impartial Decision Maker." An Impartial Decision Maker is defined under Colorado law as "a person or group of persons who have the authority to make a decision regarding the enforcement of the association's covenants, conditions, and restrictions, including architectural requirements, and other rules and regulations of the association and do not have any direct personal or financial interest in the outcome." A decision maker shall not be deemed to have a direct personal or financial interest in the outcome if the decision maker will not, as a result of the outcome, receive any greater benefit or detriment than will the general membership of the association." Unless otherwise disqualified pursuant to the definition of Impartial Decision Maker, the Board may appoint to act as the Impartial Decision Maker. The entire Board, specified members of the Board, any other individual or group of individuals may act.
- 8. Hearing. At the beginning of each hearing, the presiding officer shall introduce the case by describing the alleged violation and the procedure to be followed during the hearing. Each party or designated representative, may, but is not required to, make an opening statement, present evidence and testimony, present witnesses, and make a closing statement. The presiding officer may also impose such other rules of conduct as may be appropriate under the given circumstances. Neither the Complainant nor the alleged Violator are required to be in attendance at the hearing. The Impartial Decision Maker shall base its decision solely on the matters set forth in the complaint, results of the investigation and such other credible evidence as may be presented at the hearing. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, all hearings shall be open to attendance by all Owners.

After all testimony and other evidence has been presented at a hearing, the Impartial Decision Maker shall, within a reasonable time, not to exceed 10 days, render its written findings and decision, and impose a fine, if applicable. Failure to strictly follow the hearing procedures set forth above shall not constitute grounds for appeal of the hearing committee's decision absent a showing of denial of due process.

9. <u>Failure to Timely Request Hearing</u>. If the alleged Violator fails to request a hearing within thirty (30) days of any letter, or fails to appear at any hearing, the Impartial Decision Maker may make a decision with respect to the alleged violation based on the complaint, results of the investigation, and any other available information without the necessity of holding a formal hearing. If a violation is found to exist, the alleged Violator may be assessed a fine

pursuant to these policies and procedures.

- 10. <u>Notification of Decision</u>. The decision of the Impartial Decision Maker shall be in writing and provided to the Violator and Complainant within 10 days of the hearing, or if no hearing is requested, within 10 days of the final decision.
- 11. <u>Fine Schedule</u>. The following fine schedule has been adopted for all recurring covenant violations:

First violation

Warning Letter

Second violation

\$50.00 fine

Third and subsequent

\$100.00 for each violation

violations

(of same covenant or rule)

Third and subsequent covenant violations may be turned over to the Association's attorney to take appropriate legal action. Any Owner committing three or more violations in a six-month period (whether such violations are of the same covenant or different covenants) may be immediately turned over to the Association's attorney for appropriate legal action.

- 12. Continuous Violations. Continuous violations are defined as violations of Owner obligations that are uninterrupted by time. If an Owner is determined as having a continuous violation, in accordance with the terms of this Policy, such Owner may be subject to a daily fine of \$100.00 each per day per violation if not corrected, following a notice and opportunity for a hearing as set forth above.
- 13. <u>Waiver of Fines</u>. The Board may waive all, or any portion, of the fines if, in its sole discretion, such waiver is appropriate under the circumstances. Additionally, the Board may condition waiver of the entire fine, or any portion thereof, upon the Violator coming into and staying in compliance with the Articles, Declaration, Bylaws or Rules and Regulations.
- 14. Attorney's Fees and Costs. In the event it is determined that the alleged Violator is guilty of the violation charged, the Association shall also be entitled to an award of all of its costs incurred in excess of \$100.00 as a result of the violation, including reasonable attorney's fees and costs. The Board may waive all, or any portion, of the costs, if, in its sole discretion, such waiver is appropriate under the circumstances. Additionally, the Board may condition waiver of the costs, or any portion thereof, upon the Violator coming into and staying in compliance with the Articles, Declaration, Bylaws or Rules and Regulations.
- 15. Other Enforcement Means. This fine schedule and enforcement process is adopted in addition to all other enforcement means which are available to the Association through its Declaration, Bylaws, Articles of Incorporation and Colorado law, including without limitation the suspension of voting rights during and for up to sixty (60) days following any breach by such Member of any provision of the Declaration or any Rule or Regulation adopted by the Association. The use of this process does not preclude the Association from using any other enforcement means.

- 16. <u>Deviations</u>. The Board may deviate from the procedures set forth in this Resolution if, in its sole discretion, such deviation is reasonable under the circumstances.
- 17. <u>Amendment</u>. This Policy may be amended from time to time by the Board of Directors.

PRESIDENT'S CERTIFICATION:

The undersigned, being the President of Grandview Villas Condominiums Association, Inc., a Colorado nonprofit corporation, certifies that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Association, at a duly called and held meeting of the Board of Directors on February 2 2019, and in witness thereof, the undersigned has subscribed her name.

GRANDVIEW VILLAS CONDOMINIUMS ASSOCIATION, INC.,

a Colorado nonprofit corporation

Dawn Dobson, President